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Office of Architecture and Urban Design
Division of Engineering
Department of Public Works &
Department of City Planning
City of Cincinnati

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXEC	CUTIVE SUMMARY 2
INTR	ODUCTION 3
	Location map
EXIST	ring conditions 6
	Study Area
	Regional Map
	Land Use
	Zoning
	Topography
	Circulation
	Parking Study Summary
	Major Landowners
	Existing Business Index
	Market Study Summary
OVEF	RALL PLAN
	Goals & Objectives
	Urban Design Plan
	Design Vision
	W. Price Hill Gateway Program
	Glenway Avenue Corridor Improvements
	Library/Village Green Improvements
	Glenway/Ralph Intersection Improvement
	Overlook/Guerley Parking Consolidation
	Future Development
	Southeast Consolidated Parking and Redevelopment
	Development Policies

IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY		
Right of Way Improvements		
Development Projects and Programs		
Community Programs		
URBAN RENEWAL STUDY	55	
Blight Study Summary		
Blight Study Map		
CREDITS	57	
APPENDIX	58	

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this urban design plan is to establish a clear set of policy guidelines and implementation strategies that will direct the future of the Western Hills Gateway Business Distict in West Price Hill. The business district is located in the western portion of Cincinnati along Glenway Avenue between Overlook Avenue and Sidney Road.

The West Price Hill community has a middle income population, predominately caucasian, representing a cross section of age groups. The neighborhood government is well organized. The Price Hill Civic Association is a capable group adding to the community's ability to maintain and improve the quality of life for its citzens.

The business district includes properties along Glenway Avenue. The district contains more than 70 buildings which include commercial, residential, and semi-public land use.

Goals and objectives developed during the planning process were in response to issues raised by the community and urban design review committee. In addition, guidelines for development were prepared to address the issues and to direct the future of improvements within the district.

The strategy for improving the district is focused on providing additional off-street parking, installing directional signs, reducing the number of curb cuts and improving building facades. A new traffic light at Ralph Avenue will facilitate access to additional off-street parking.

The implementation plan provides estimated costs and possible funding sources for each strategy. The Price Hill Civic Association and the business community will serve as advocates to obtain funding for future business district improvements.

INTRODUCTION

Intent

The purpose of this report is to present and describe the urban design plan for the Western Hills Gateway Business District (NBD). This plan will establish a set of goals and objectives that direct the future of the business district. The lack of convenient parking accessible from Glenway Avenue and the existence of small parking areas are primary reasons for the initiation of this plan. The plan establishes a basis for future public and private funding.

Participation from area residents and business owners, including volunteerism, will go a long way towards making this plan a success. This plan will provide the following information:

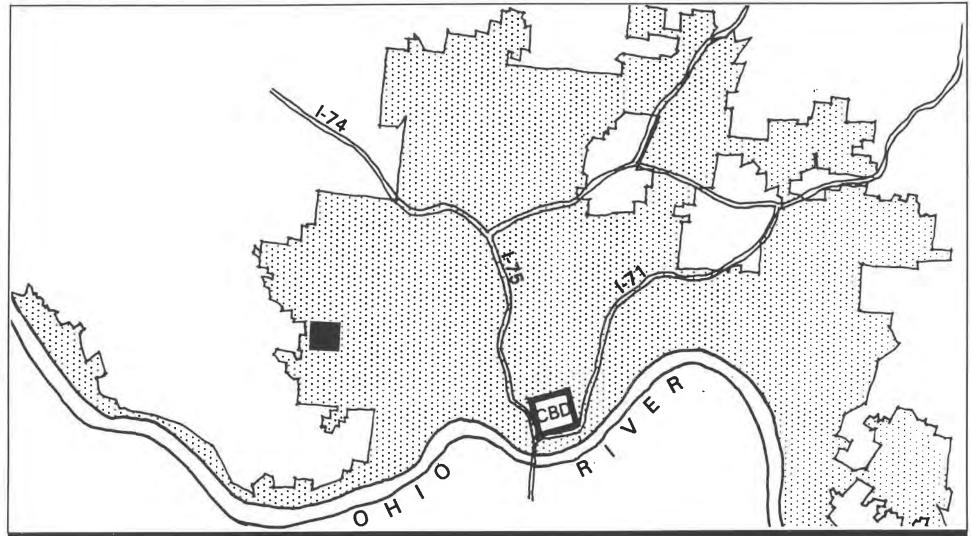
- Reinvestment strategies
- Proposed project and possible funding sources
- Policies to control the physical design

Process

Goals and objectives were identified and ranked as a result of consensus amoung businesses, property owners, neighborhood residents, investors, leaders and City staff. The process included the establishment of a planning task force; analyzing existing conditions; determining relevant policies identified in previous plans; soliciting participation from business and property owners and group discussions; identifying and ranking issues; formulating policies; and developing implementation strategies. The task force consisted of business and property owners, residents, and representation from the West Price Hill community.

Location

The Western Hills Gateway Business District is located in the West Price Hill community in the western portion of Cincinnati. The district is in close proximity to the Glenway Crossing Shopping Complex, a growing regional commercial designation.

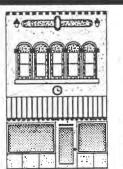


Location Map

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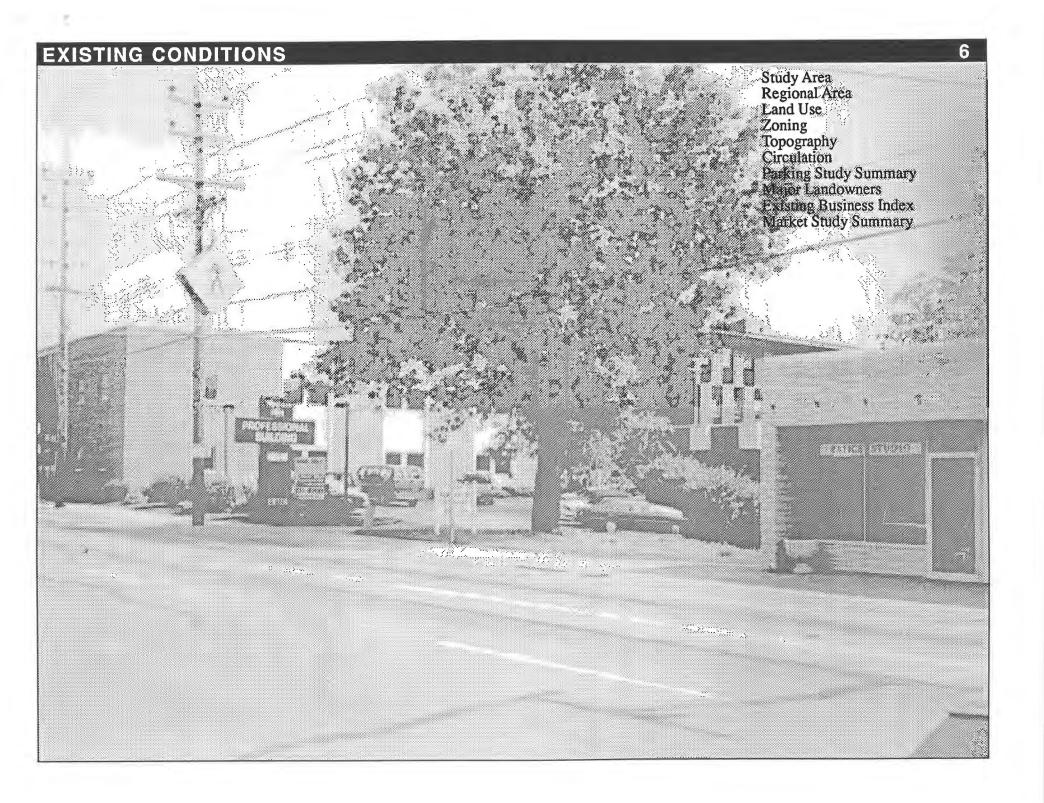
Western Hills Gateway



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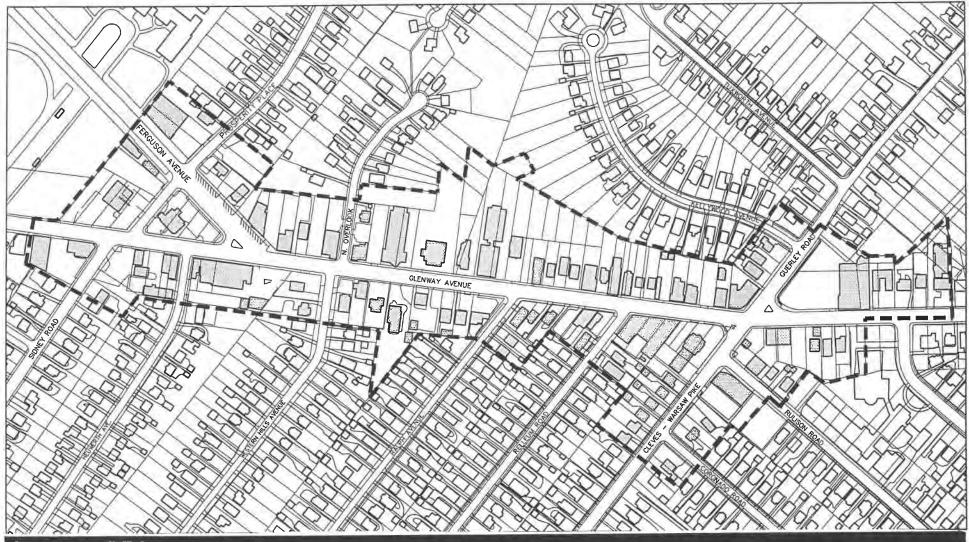
HILLS





STUDY AREA

The urban design study area incorporates a district in an area of the neighborhood of West Price Hill along Glenway Avenue between Overlook Avenue on the east and Sidney Road on the west. The study included all business zoned properties and all transitional zoned properties.

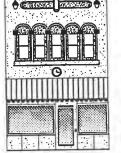


STUDY AREA

Legend

🕳 🚃 Urban Design Study Area





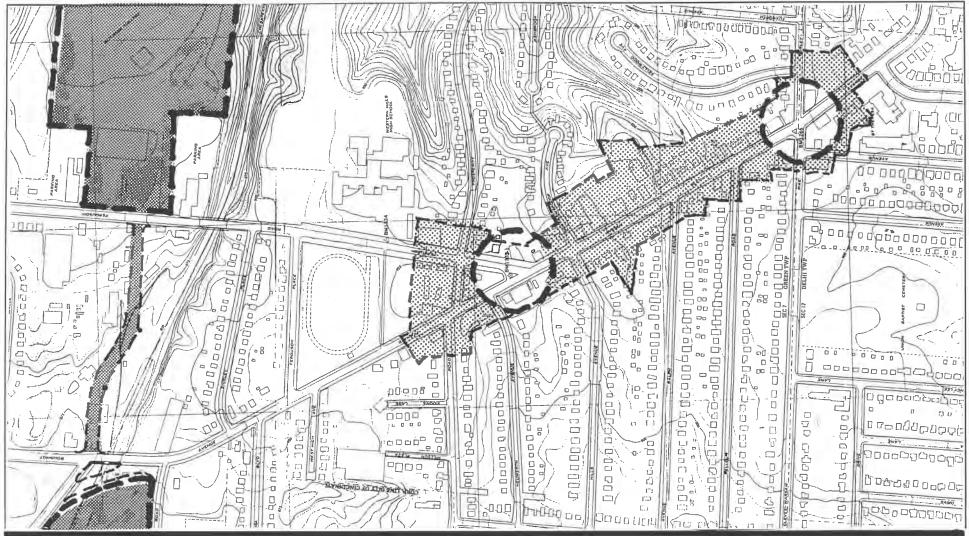
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REGIONAL MAP

The Business District finds itself strategically positioned adjacent to two major retail shopping centers and bisected by Glenway Avenue. The Business Association must develop strategies to complement these major developments and capture the high volume of customers passing through and adjacent to the business district.



REGIONAL MAP

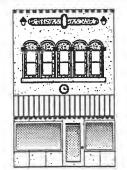
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Western Hills Gateway Business District



New Major Retail Shopping Centers



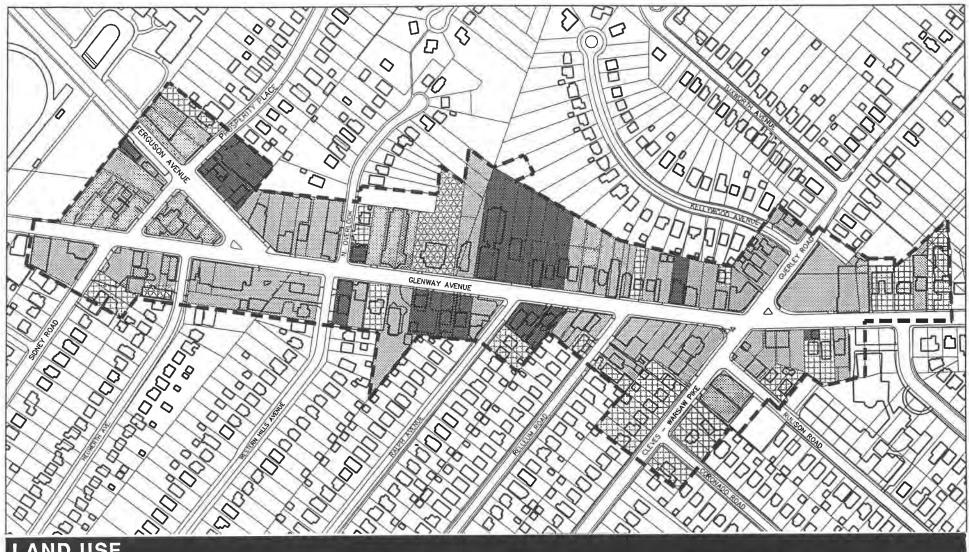
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LAND USE

Commercial	813,400 SF	18.67 AC	66%
Residential	193,650 SF	4.45 AC	16%
Office	142,225 SF	3.27 AC	12%
Institutional	62,800 SF	1.44 AC	5%
Vacant	12,025 SF	.28 AC	1%
	1,224,100 SF	28.10 AC	100%

The business district includes a total area of 28.10 acres of land. This area contains 66 percent commercial and 12 percent office use. There is 16 percent residential usage within this business district, primarily within multifamily structures. The institutional usage is the Public Library of Hamilton County.



LAND USE

Legend

Urban Design Study Area



Land Use- Commercial/Retail



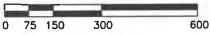
Land Use- Office



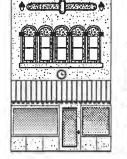
Land Use- Residential



Land Use- Institutional



1"= 300'-0"



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ZONING

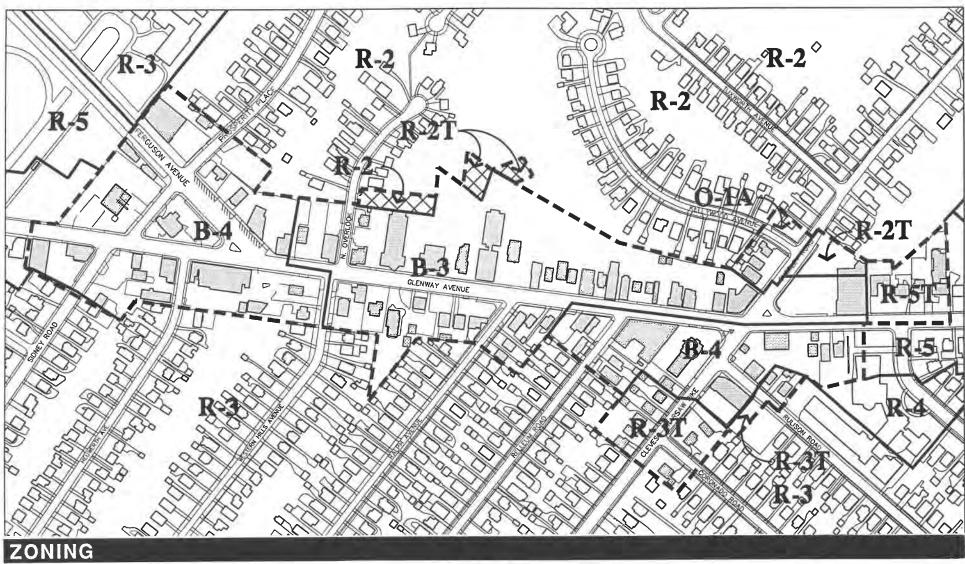
The district is zoned B-4, General Business and B-3, Retail-Wholesale Business Uses. The B-4 zoned areas are located north of Sidney Avenue and west of Glenway Avenue, south of Relleum Avenue. The B-3 zoned areas are east of Glenway Avenue from Cleves-Warsaw/Guerley Road north to Sidney Avenue. There are several transitional zoned areas along Cleves-Warsaw and Guerley Road. There is an O-1A, Suburban Low-Density Office District located at Kellywood Avenue and Guerley Road. Principal permitted uses in the B-4 zoned areas would be gas stations, bakeries, trade schools, automobile sales, service and repairs, kennels, contractor's yards, repair trades, and outdoor recreation. In the B-3 zoned areas wholesale distributors warehouses, hotels and motels, printing and outdoor eating places are principal permitted uses. The O-1A zoned district would allow offices, banks, funeral homes, art studios, art galleries, recording studios, hospitals, educational, and research facilities.

Zone Change Recommendations

The Urban Design Committee recommends that the zoning along North Overlook Avenue behind the former theater should be changed from R-2 to B-3. This area is currently used as a parking lot. In addition to the R-2(T) zone east of the medical arts building is recommended for B-3 zoning. Please reference the adjoining map.

An R-2 zone permits single-family dwellings.

A B-3 zone permits wholesale distributors, warehouses, hotels and motels, printing and ourdoor eating places.



Legend

Urban Design Study Area

Zoning Boundary



Zone Change Recommendation Areas

Zoning Legend

Single-Family Medium Density District R-2

R-2(T) **Transitional District** R-3 **Two Family District** R-3(T) **Transitional District**

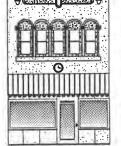
Multi-Family Medium Density District R-5

Transitional District R-5(T) 0-1A Suburban Office District

B-3 Retail-Wholesale Business District

B-4 General Business District





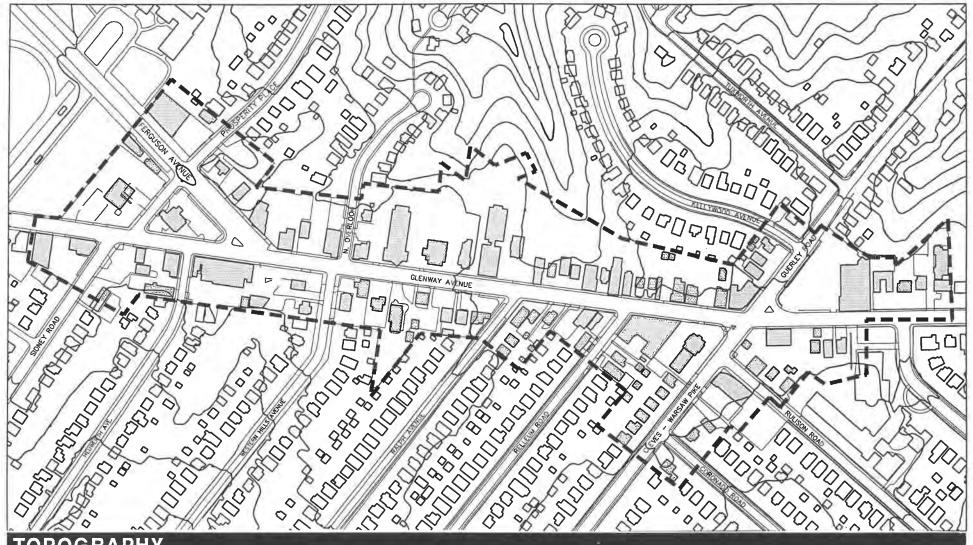
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TOPOGRAPHY

The topography of the business district reflects a level streetscape. Glenway Avenue forms a high point for the surrounding community. Generally, the Cleves-Warsaw/Guerley Road intersection is lower in contour elevation than the Ferguson Road/Glenway Avenue intersection. The surrounding residential community east and west of Glenway Avenue has lower topographic contour elevations. The large parking area to the east, mid-point in the business district, is an example of significant topographic relief. The parking area is situated within the beginning of a small ravine that extends northeastward throughout the residential community. On the west of Glenway Avenue, the topography decreases to Covedale Avenue. A low point for the surrounding ara is located near the intersections of Covedale Avenue at Relleum Road and Ralph Avenue.



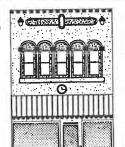
POGRAPHY

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Urban Design Study Area

10 ft. Topographic Contour Line



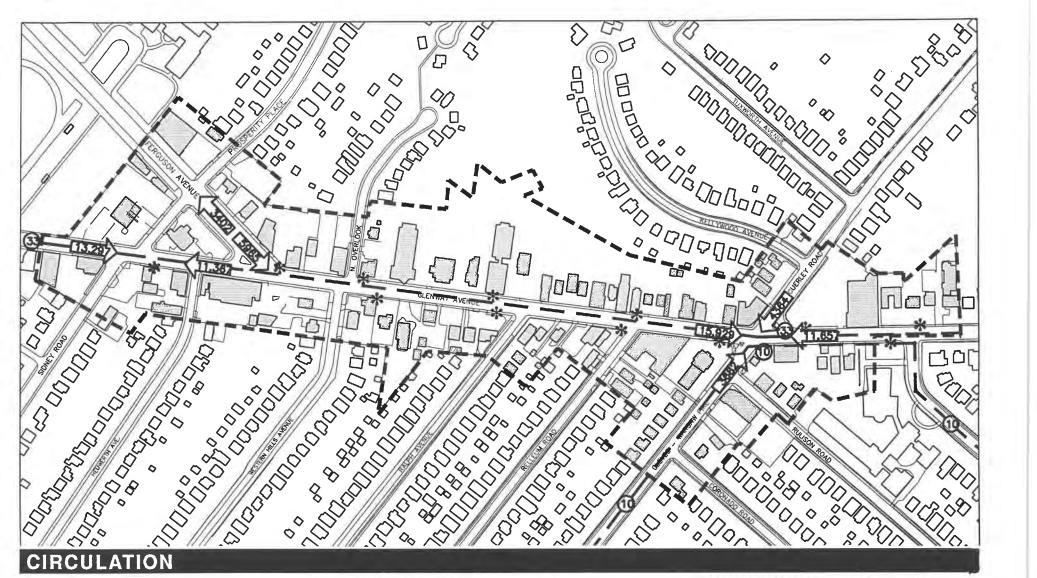


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CIRCULATION

Glenway Avenue, in the vicinity of Prout's Corner, measures 44 feet in width and carries approximately 25,000 vehicles per day. Analysis of the safety records for all of the intersections along Glenway Avenue within the study area revealed that their accident rates were below the average rate for similar type intersections within the City. The midblock accident rate on this section of Glenway Avenue, however, is slightly higher than similar streets within the City. The majority of the midblock accidents reported were of the rear-end or sideswipe type, many of which can be attributed to the demand for left turns into the many existing driveways within the business district and the absence of an exclusive or two-way left turn lane along Glenway Avenue.



Legend

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Urban Design Study Area

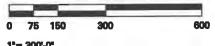
1°= 300'-0"

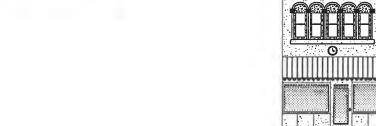
Bus Stop

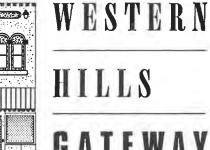
Bus Route

33 Bus Number

Traffic Count Taken in 1992







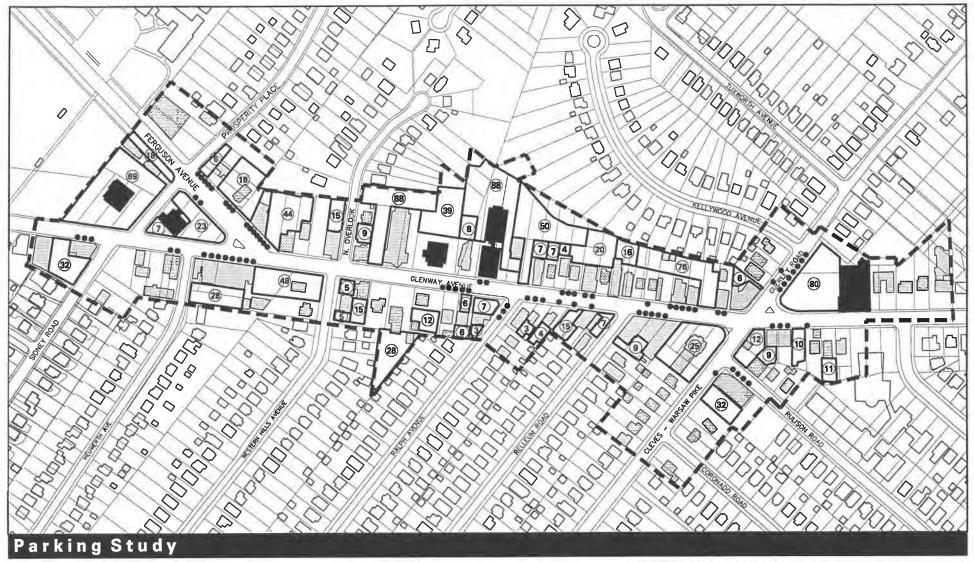


PARKING STUDY

Currently, there is a total of 861 off-street parking spaces and 47 metered onstreet parking spaces for a total of 908 available spaces within the study area. The north side of Glenway Avenue has 557 off-street parking spaces and 15 metered on-street spaces. The south side has 304 off-street and 20 metered on-street spaces. Cleves-Warsaw contains nine on-street metered spaces, while Ralph Avenue contains three on-street metered spaces.

Parking demand for a neighborhood business district based upon the current land use, the Cincinnati Zoning Code would require a total of 677 off-street parking spaces within the business district while a combination of these zoning requirements with nationally accepted rates would require a total of 909 spaces (both on and off-street spaces combined). The existing number of off-street spaces currently exceeds the requirements of the Cincinnati Zoning Code, while the total number of available parking spaces is one shy of the nationally accepted total. On a typical weekday, more than 550 parking spaces are unoccupied and available for motorists within the area.

Some improvement to the safety and flow of Glenway Avenue could be accomplished through the interconnection of several existing parking lots and the elimination of selected driveways. It appears that connections could be provided among all of the off-street lots behind the businesses on the north side of Glenway Avenue opposite Ralph and Relleum Avenues. In addition, connections could be made between the lots serving the covedale Cinemas, future library building and the medical offices at 4966 Glenway Avenue. With these connections in place, several existing driveways that would then become redundant could be closed. This would result in safety enhancements for left and right turning movements.





Urban Design Study Area



Number Of Spaces In Lot



Lot Boundary



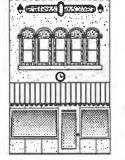
Parking Meter



Major Anchor Uses



1"= 300'-0"



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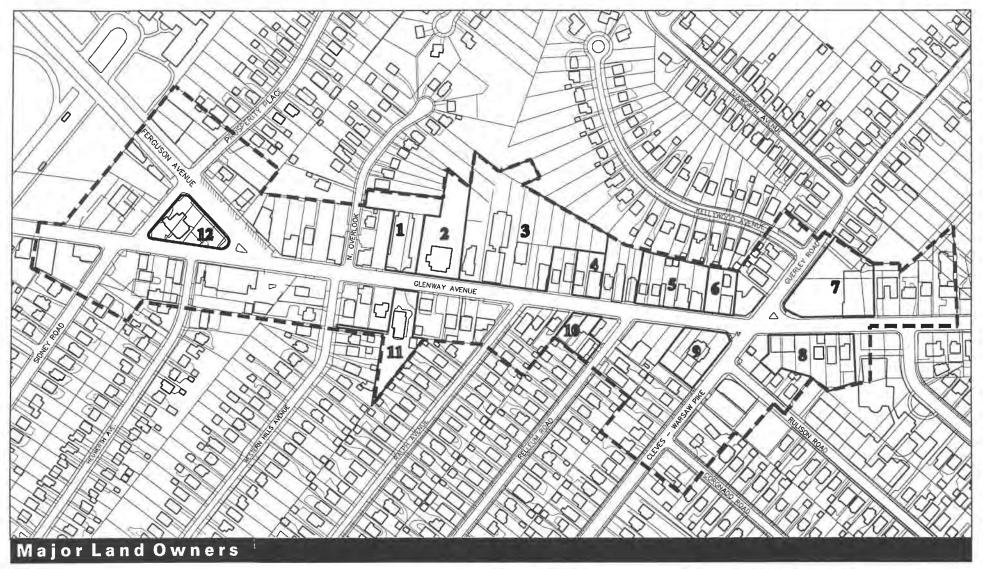


MAJOR LAND OWNERS

The Western Hills Gateway ownership reflects the existing patterns of development and land use. Surrounding residential properties are predominantly held by many individual owners, while large parcels of business zoned properties are held by a few owners.

There are several large land areas controlled by single property owners that represent significant potential development opportunities. On the north side of Glenway Avenue contains an expansive parking area controlled primarily by a single owner. Several smaller parcels controlled by others contribute to the parking area. Another potential opportunity is land near the intersection of Cleves-Warsaw Pike and Guerley Road.

New development must employ creative methods to acquire property for its use. New development must compensate for the existing brick sewer and adjust site development accordingly.

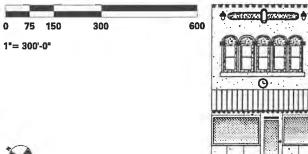


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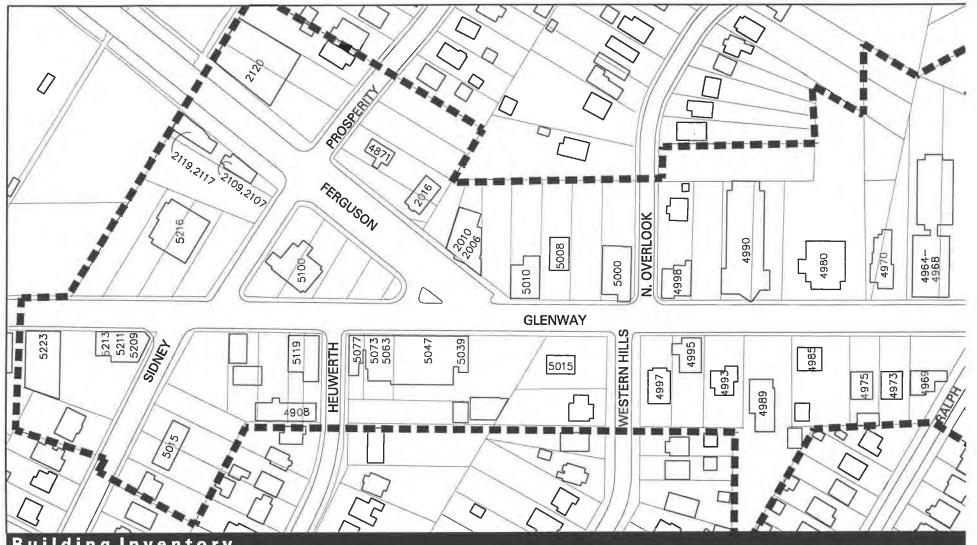
Urban Design Study Area

Owners

- 1. White, Roy & Marvin R. 3,6051.10s.f.
- 2. Public Library 39,558.70s.f.
- 3. Daystar Properties 128,983.37s.f.
- 4. Kahny, John W. & 14,171.79s.f. Mary Claire
- 5. Bel Tsos, Esmine 37,016.15s.f.
- 6. Leuenberger, Marcella 14,551.56s.f.
- 7. One Holdings Inc. -48388.64s.f.
- 8. G. M. Investments Inc. 17,571.48s.f.
- 9. Fifth Third Bank 26,747.85s.f.
- 10. Maloney, Thomas J & 14,888.08s.f. Lavern R De
- 11. Meyer, Harry & Sons 29,881.78s.f.
- 12. PNC Bank



WESTERN HILLS



Building Inventory

HEUWERTH TO STUDY AREA BOUNDARY

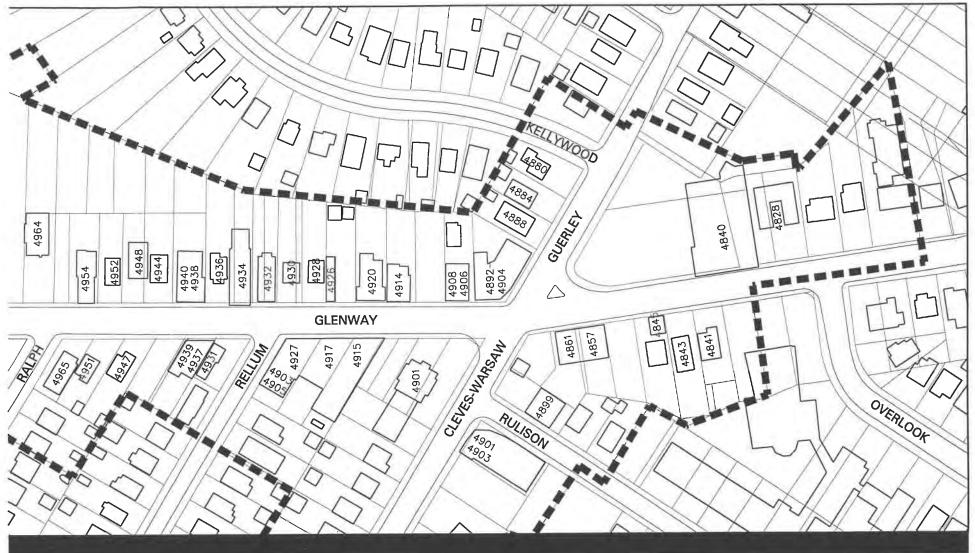
PNC Bank	5100 Glenway
Franklin Savings	5119 Glenway
BP	Glenway & Sidney
Sebastian's Gyros	5209 Glenway
Mr. Martin's Hair Designing	5211 Glenway
Peppe Ramundo & Son Custom Clothes	5213 Glenway
Frisch's Restaurant	5216 Glenway
Blockbuster Video	5223 Glenway
U.S. Army Recruting Station	2115 Ferguson
Garret Galleria	2107 Ferguson
Public Library	4908 Heuwerth
Sidney Road Apartments	5015 Sidney

WESTERN HILLS TO HEUWERTH

WESTERNA LITERS TO LI	LOVVLITIII
Montgomery Cyclery	5000 Glenway
Piece of Cake Pastry Shop	5008 Glenway
Club Attractions	5010 Glenway
Burger King	5015 Glenway
Waves of Freedom Hair Design	5039 Glenway
Bernen's Pharmacy and Medical	5047 Glenway
Funny Books n' Stuff	5063 Glenway
Natural Life Health Food	5073 Glenway
The Corner Pub	5077 Glenway
Vacant	2010 Ferguson
Robert J. Smyth Md, Inc.	2016 Ferguson
Vacant	2119 Ferguson
Henry Sieve Pontiac	2120 Ferguson
Christ Hospital Medical Associates	4871 Prosperity

BALPH TO WESTERN HILLS

NALED TO MESTERN D	ILLO
Western Hills Medical Arts Building	4966 Glenway
Mental Health Services	4968 Glenway
Fagile Jewelers	4969 Glenway
Sutton Optical / Mabrey Savorie's Restaurant	4970 Glenway
Hallar Homes	4970 Glenway
Dr. Lowsutter Pediatrists	4973 Glenway
Kramer Accountants	4975 Glenway
Future Library	4980 Glenway
Roda Realty / Awards & Sign Graphics	4985 Glenway
Meyer & Geiser Funeral Home	4989 Glenway
Vacant	4990 Glenway
AAAA Driving / Armed Forces Recruiting	4995 Glenway
Wing Optometrist	4997 Glenway
Hagen Family Dentristry	4998 Glenway



RELLUM TO RAL	.PH
Glenway Pony Keg	4931 Glenway
Faigle Jewelers	4932 Glenway
Renewal Plus Day Care for Aged	4934 Glenway
Residential	4936 Glenway
Flower Streit & Volz Upholsters	4937 Glenway
Hairworks	4938 Glenway
Zenith T.V. / VCR Repair	4939 Glenway
Kurts Used Clothing	4940 Glenway
Gibbons Markeing	4947 Glenway
Cinti. Inst. of Colon/Rectal Surgery	4948 Glenway
Dr. Huschart- Dentist	4951 Glenway
Dr. Saboto- Dentist	4952 Glenway
Ralice Studio	4954 Glenway
North Cliff Consultants	4964 Glenway

West Side Pediatrics

4965 Glenway

	CLEVES-WARS.
Residential	4880 Guerley
Vacant	4884 Guerley
Encore Consignment Shop	4888 Guerley
Today's Headlines Salon	4892 Glenway
Maid Professional	4894 Glenway
Lee's Barber	4896 Glenway
The Artisan's Studio	4898 Glenway
Pregnancy Problem Care, Inc.	4900 Glenway
Fifth Third Bank	4901 Glenway
Nature's Corner	4902 Glenway
Creative Florals	4904 Glenway
Mave's Deli, Market, and Catering	4906 Glenway
Golden City Chinese Restaurant	4908 Glenway
Bella Napoli Restaurant	4914 Glenway
Don's Hobby & Bike / Dewar Equip.	Co. 4915 Glenway

RSAW TO RELLUM		
y	Phillips Cleaners	4917 Glenway
ey	Golden Fleece Lounge/Restaurant	4918 Glenway
3V	Price Hill Chili	4920 Glenway
/ay	Vacant	4926 Glenway
vay	Miracle Dance	4927 Glenway
/aγ	Vacant	4927 Glenway
/ay	Jacquelin's Looking Glass Beauty Salon	4928 Glenway
av.	Residential	4930 Glenway
/ay	Blondi & Dagwood Beauty Salon	4903 Rellum
/ay	Bick's Driving School	4905 Rellum
/ay		

OVERLOOK TO CLEV	ES-WARSAW
Overlook Apt.	4828 Glenway
Revco	4840 Glenway
B.J. Meyer Sons Funeral Home	4841 Glenway
Glenway Share a Home	4843 Glenway
Butler Insurance	4845 Glenway
Vacant	4857 Glenway
Hart Pharmacy	4861 Glenway
United Dairy Farmers	4899 Cleves-Warsaw
Old Time Saloon	4901 Cleves-Warsaw
Dan's Barbershop	4903 Cleves-Warsaw

MARKET STUDY

A city-wide market analysis was prepared by project market decisions in 1995 for the City Department of Economic Development.

The report contains an individual Market Profile on each of the 37 neighborhood based market areas. The market area profiles covered six different aspects of each market area including: a narrative description of the neighborhood market area and its business centers; key demographic indicators; a map of te market area; an overview of the lifestyle clusters; identification of high and low consumer lifestyle and product preferences; top ten establishments of supply and retail potential; and observations and recommendations for the neighborhood business district within its market area.

The Price Hill business district runs along Glenway Avenue in two major stretches separated by a mixture of single-family and multi-family housing. One stretch of businesses is from Seton to Kreis where there is a variety of food, retail, and service establishments. The second stretch of businesses is from Guerley/Cleves-Warsaw Avenue to Boudinot Avenue. This is the West Price Hill District. The hub of the business district, known as Prout's Corner, is at the intersection of Glenway Avenue and Guerley/Cleves-Warsaw Road. The only grocery anchor, Kroger, has closed its store amid much resident protest. There are approximately 17 other small retail establishments in the area that serve the local community. A Revco drug store has opened in the former Kroger store location.

The West Price Hill market area is composed of 31 census tracts. It overlaps with the following Cincinnati market areas in this study: East Price Hill, Lower Price Hill, Camp Washington, Northside, South Fairmount, and Westwood. This market overlap should be taken into consideration when looking at competition for development potential.

The West Price Hill market area had a 1995 population of 130,265, concentrated in 51,515 households. Average household size was 2.5 persons per household, greate than the city average of 2.4. It is expected that this market area's population will decrease by .05 by the 2000. Median household income in the market area is expected to increase by 9.9 percent by 2000 to \$33,490. Market area households spent an estimated \$929 million on retail expenditures in 1995. This estimates to be an average of \$18,034 per household.

There are a total of 21 lifestyle clusters represented in the West Price Hill Market Area. The top three clusters found in the West Price Hill market area are:

Single City Blues, with 11,306 households, is the market area's predominant cluster type. This grouping usually contains a mixture of races. The household income level is usually less than \$15,000. This does not hold true for this market area with a higher median household income of \$30,478 in 1995.

Gray Collars, with 4,661 households, is this area's second largest cluster group. This cluster type is typified by aging couples who fall within the age ranges of 55-64, and age 65+. Educational level achieved is usually high school. Workers are employed in a white/blue-collar job mix.

Blue-Chip Blues, with 4,474 households, is the third dominant cluster type in the West Price Hill market area. This cluster includes mostly upscale blue-collar families. Race is mainly white and most have a high school education, some have college. the predominant adult age range is between 35-54.

MARKET STUDY

Current Retail Supply

The analysis of existing establishments in the market area identified 865 different businesses in the 60 retail and service establishment categories. These esablishments account for an estimated 3,134,101 square feet of space. The market area contains 58 different establishment types out of the 60 types analyzed.

Retail Potential

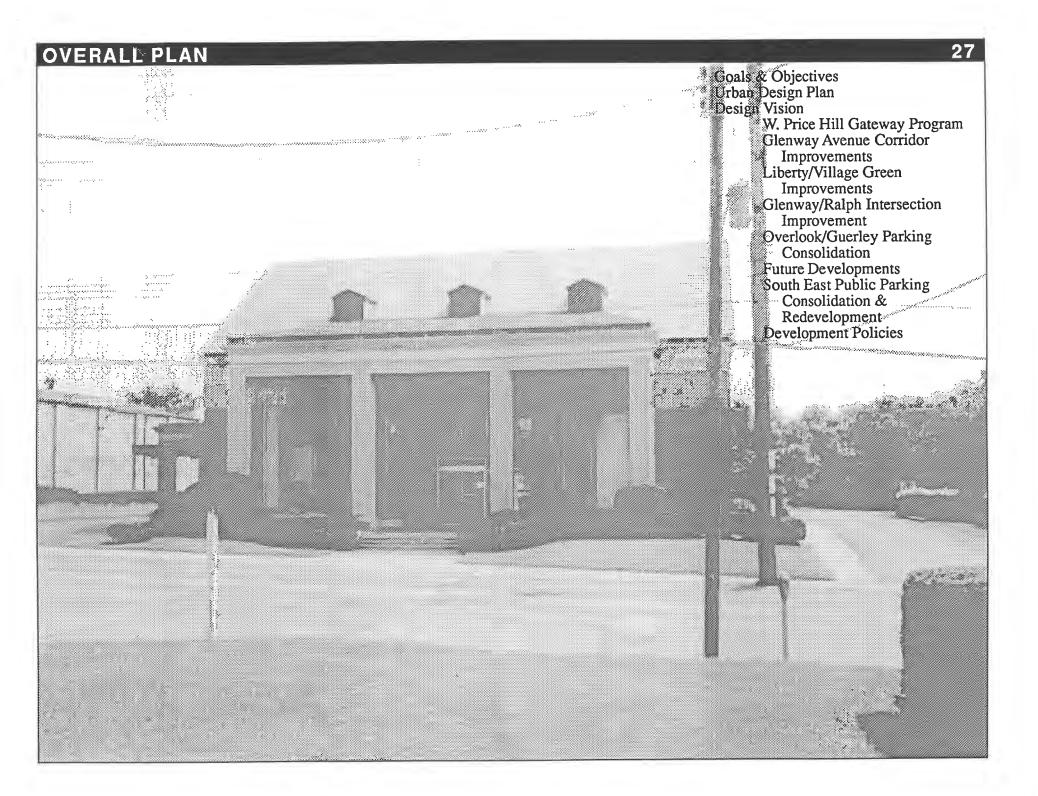
An examination of the West Price Hill Market Area indicates that there is development potential to support an additional 823,800 square feet of retail-service space. It is estimated that this new potential would support the development of 243 new establishments in 29 different types.

The population base in this market area is very large at 130,265 and is expected to remain stable through the year 2000. The median income in the market area is above the City's median at \$30,478. The lifestyle cluster composition is extremely heterogeneous with 21 of 60 lifestyles represented.

West Price Hill has two primary business districts located along Glenway Avenue-one near Seton and Elder High Schools and the other at the intersection of Cleves-Warsaw Pike and Guerley Road. There are a number of miscellaneous retail establishments which serve the market area stretched between these nodes. There is a significant concentration of retail/commercial establishments throughout the West Price Hill market area which for the most part is healthy and viable. New development in the Glenway Crossings area could add an additional 300,000 square feet of retail/commercial development to the market area's inventory in the near future.

While the development potential indicates unmet demand for ovr 800,000 square feet of additional retail space for West Price Hill

For West Price Hill to capture its share of the development potential, the neighborhood oriented businesses within the West Price Hill business district will need to stay focused on their service oriented niche in order to stay viable in the face of regional competion, which includes Glenway Crossings and the Western Hills Plaza area. The West Price Hill business district could benefit from the following types of establishments aims at serving area residents: eating and drinking establishments, recreational facilities, household appliances and home furnishings, paint/glass/wallpaper, bookstores, stationary, and video tape rental.



GOALS & OBJECTIVES

ISSUES:

- **ISSUE 1:** Parking for the business district; both on-street and off-street, future consolidations for shared parking.
- **ISSUE 2:** Circulation; pedestrians and traffic flow through the business district.
- ISSUE 3: Pedestrian right-of-way crosswalks.
- **ISSUE 4:** Development potential; vacant sites and business closings are a concern.
- ISSUE 5: Business district image; identity. Is the focus regional or local?
- ISSUE 6: There is a need for a variety of merchants for a good business mix.

PARKING

Goal:

 Capture the high traffic volumes by strengthening existing opportunities for accessible, safe, and convenient parking, while maintaining the pedestrian village atmosphere.

Objectives:

- Encourage parking continuity and efficiency by sharing and consolidating existing small and underutilized parking areas.
- Provide instructional signage to parking areas for vehicular traffic.
- Increase the number of on-street parking spaces by decreasing the number of curbs through shared off-street parking.
- Enhance pedestrian circulation by improving areas used for walking.
- Provide additional crosswalks for pedestrians.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

Goals:

- To retain and recruit businesses that attract customers from the community, surrounding communities, and the tri-state area.
- To enhance the economic vitality of the existing businesses and the business district as a whole.

Objectives:

- Establish relationships with business and property owners to increase awareness of opportunities to retain and attract businesses that are compatible with the district.
- Eliminate vacant lots and conditions of blight and deterioration in the urban renewal area, without displacement of families or businesses.
- Business hours should be consistent with shopping hours desired by the patrons.
- Maintain the village-like integrity of the district without diluting the critical mass scale.

DESIGN AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Goals:

- To reinforce the visual image and physical design of the district as an aesthetically "village" type atmosphere.
- To emphasize design elements and improvements that enhance the quality of a pedestrian oriented environment.

Objectives:

- Tie the intersection of Glenway Avenue and Ferguson Avenue into the business district.
- Preserve and encourage the linear continuity of buildings along Glenway Avenue.
- Create perimeter gateway elements to encourage district identity and image.
- Provide a public focus area, preferably near the intersection of Cleves-Warsaw and Glenway Avenue to serve as an identity element for the district.
- Maintain the existing street pattern and traffic flow.
- Limit the number of curb cuts.
- Improve building facades.
- Infill buildings should reinforce the village-type atmosphere.

MARKETING AND PROMOTIONS

Goals:

 Market the district as a separate and distinct business district offering a variety of personal service and specialty retail stores.

Objectives:

Promote West Price Hill business district as a community based

business district.

- Create a marketing strategy to advertise and promote a variety of services and retail establishments.
- Identify and recognize common customer patterns, habits, and needs.
- Create a marketing pamphlet highlighting the variety of services and specialty retail.
- Work with other business districts and regional economic groups such as the Chamber of Commerce.

ORGANIZATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Goals:

- To develop a stronger and broader partnership between the businesses and property owners.
- To continue formal communication channels between existing and new businesses.

Objectives:

 Encourage new and existing businesses to become members and join efforts with the business group and civic association.

CLEANLINESS

Goal:

 To provide streets, alleys, lots, and sidewalks that are free of litter, debris, and weeds.

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

Objectives:

- Encourage structured clean up activities that support job training and employment opportunities for the youth.
- Provide adequate support to enhance clean up activities.

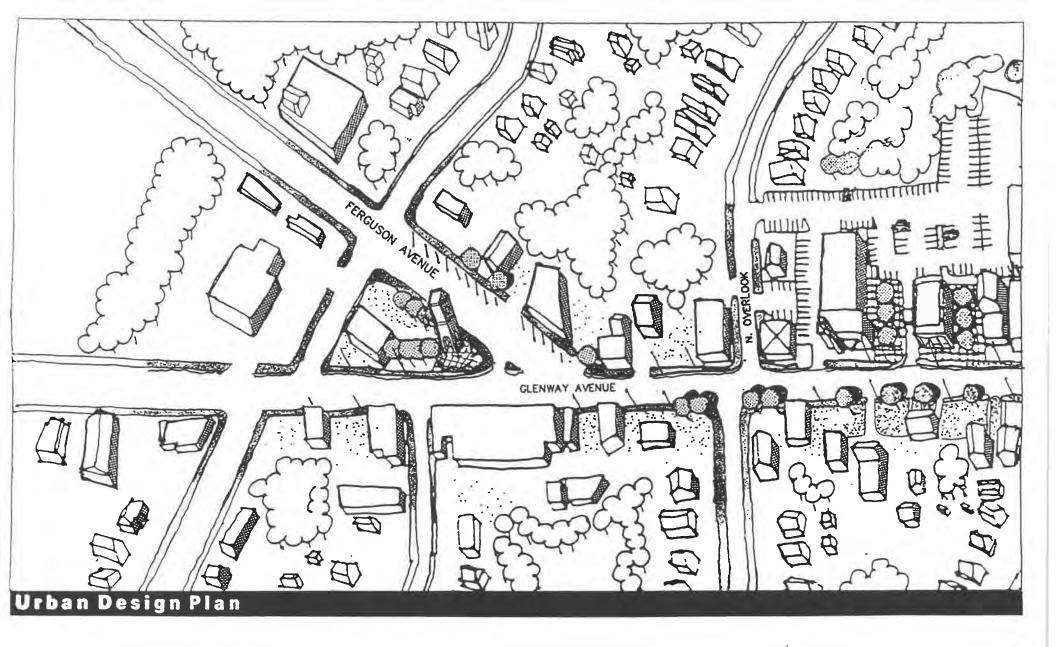
SAFETY

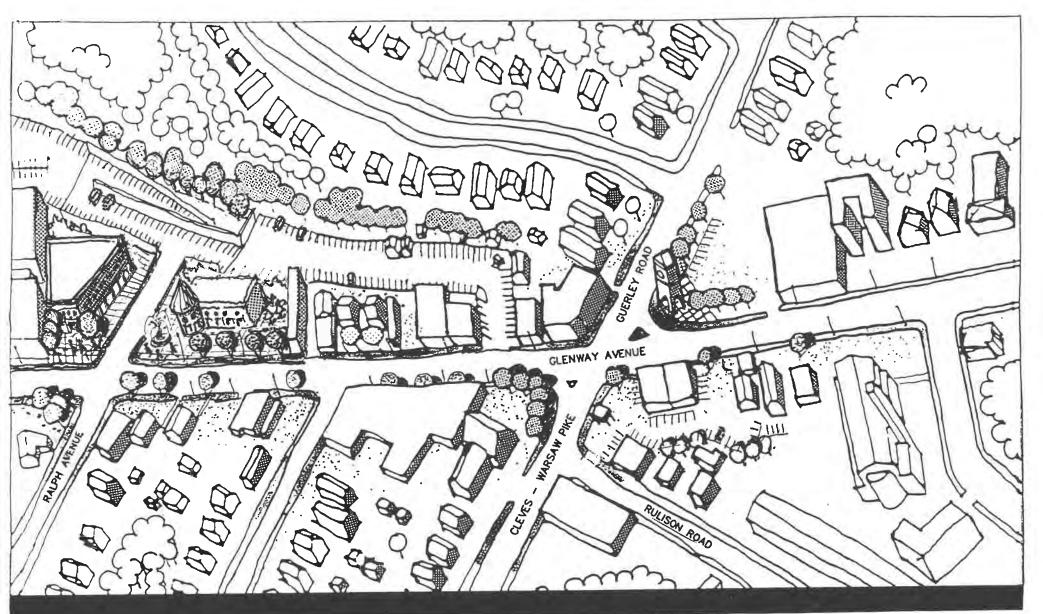
Goal:

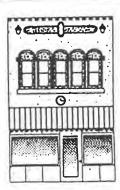
 To maintain the West Price Hill business district as a safety place to live, work and shop.

Objectives:

- Increase security by providing adequate lighting for all parking lots and alleys.
- Increase pedestrian and vehicular safety by encouraging collaborative approaches among businesses.

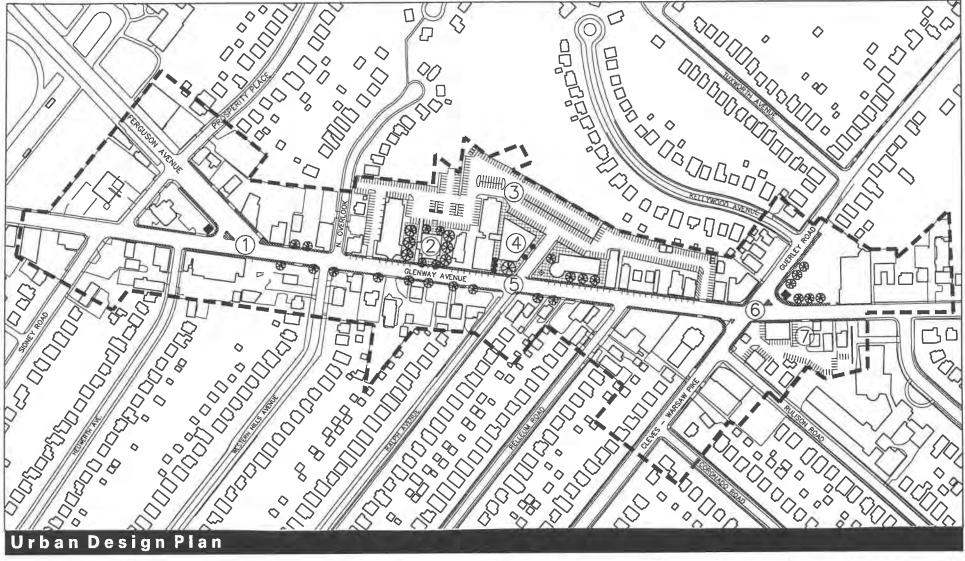






WESTERN

HILLS



Legend

Urban Design Study Area

Signage/ Curb Appeal Improvements

Northwest Gateway

2 3 Library/ Village Green

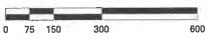
Overlook/Guerley Parking Consolidation

4) **New Development**

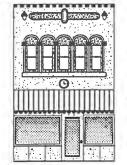
(5) **New Traffic Signal**

6 Southeast Gateway

Southeast Parking Consolidation

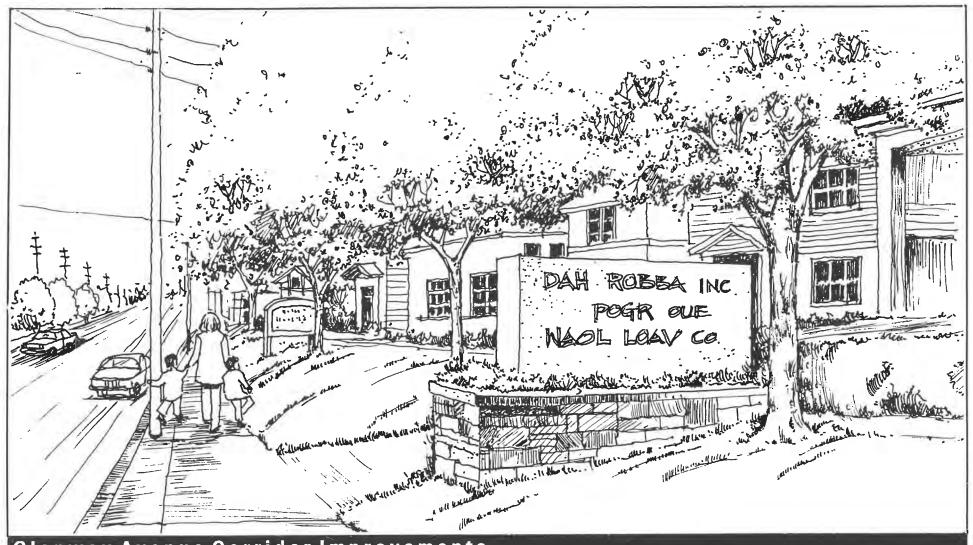


1"= 300'-0"

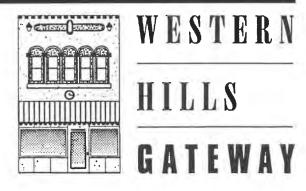


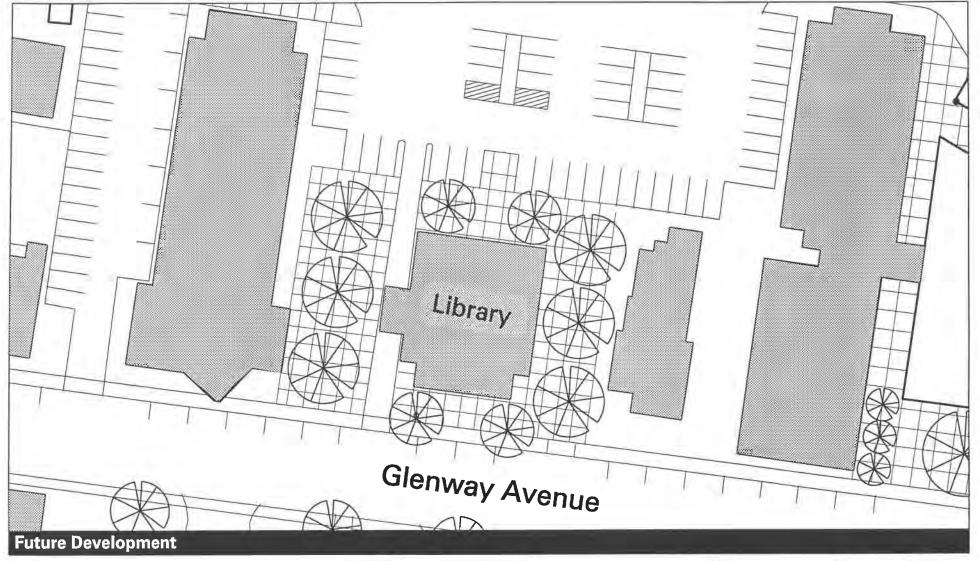


WESTERN
HILLS
GATEWAY

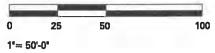


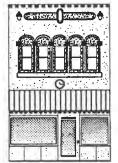
Glenway Avenue Corridor Improvements





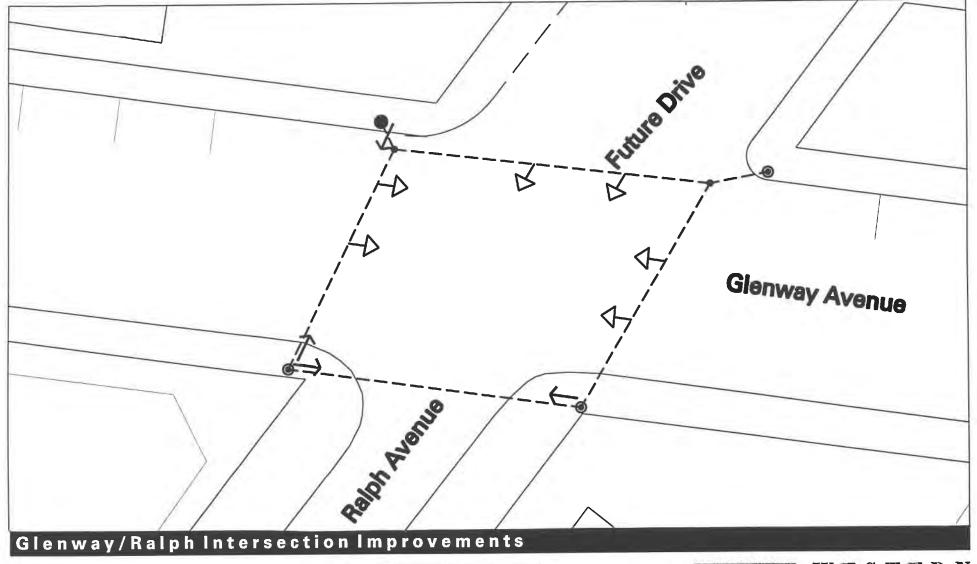
Legend





WESTERN HILLS







New Traffic Signal



Existing Wood Pole



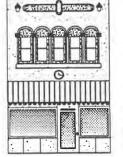
New Steel Pole



New Pedestrian Signal



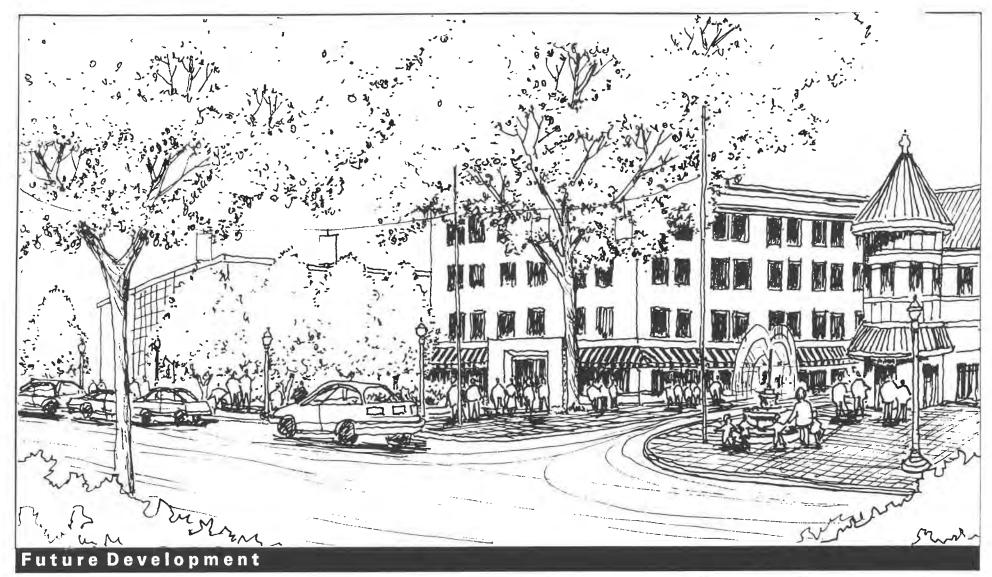
1° = 20'-0"



WESTERN

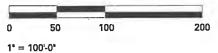
HILLS

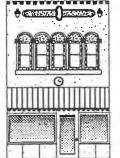






New Structure



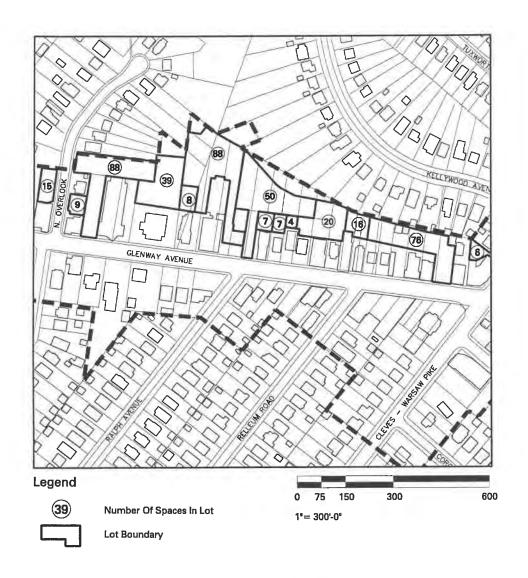


WESTERN

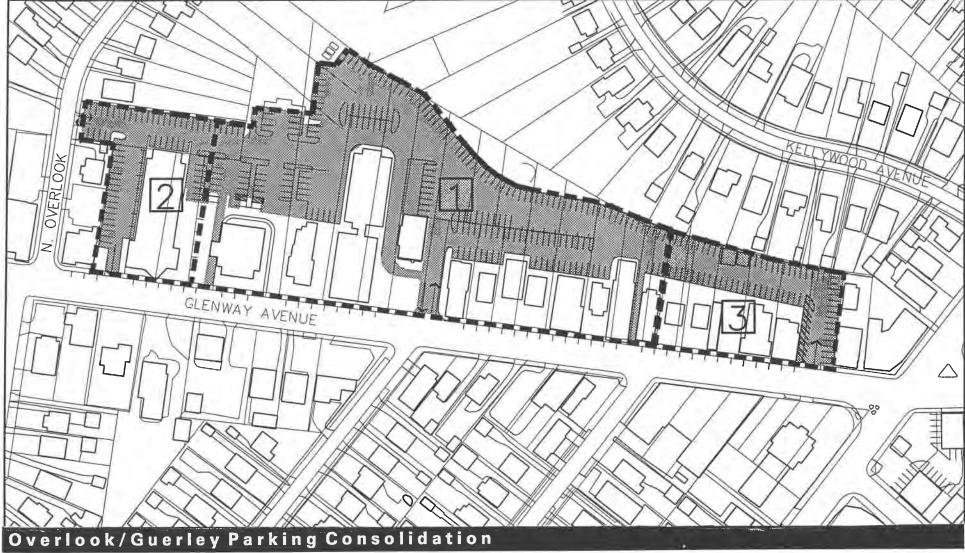
HILLS



OVERLOOK/GUERLEY PARKING CONSOLIDATION

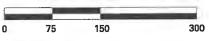






Consolidated Parking Area

Phased Construction



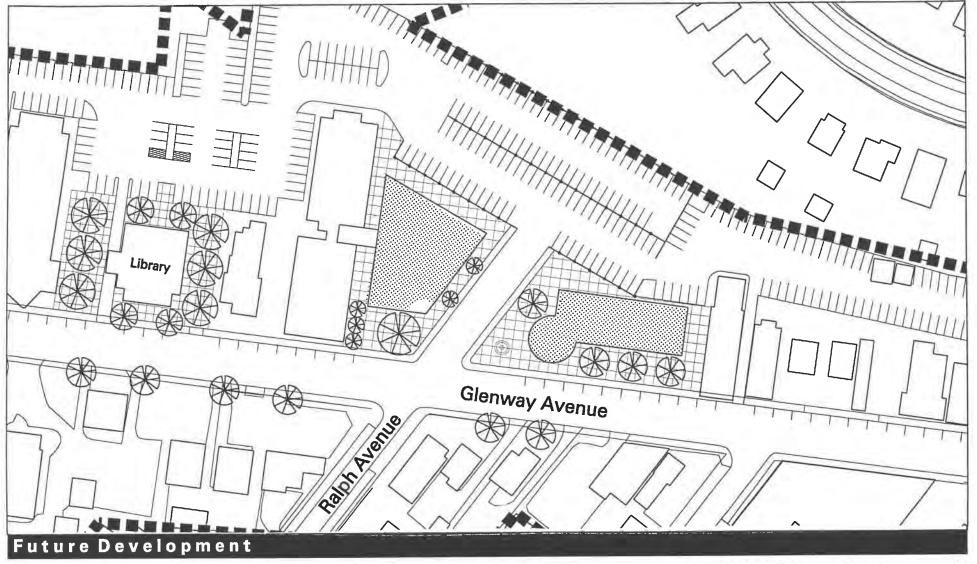
1" = 150'-0"



WESTERN

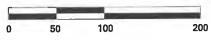
HILLS



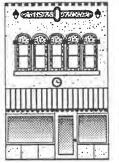




New Structure



1° = 100'-0°

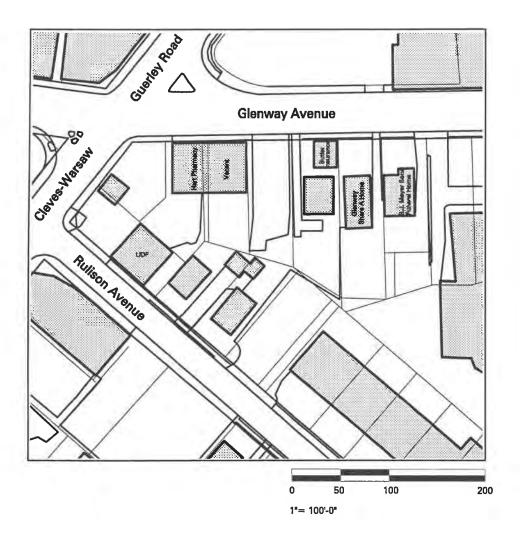


WESTERN

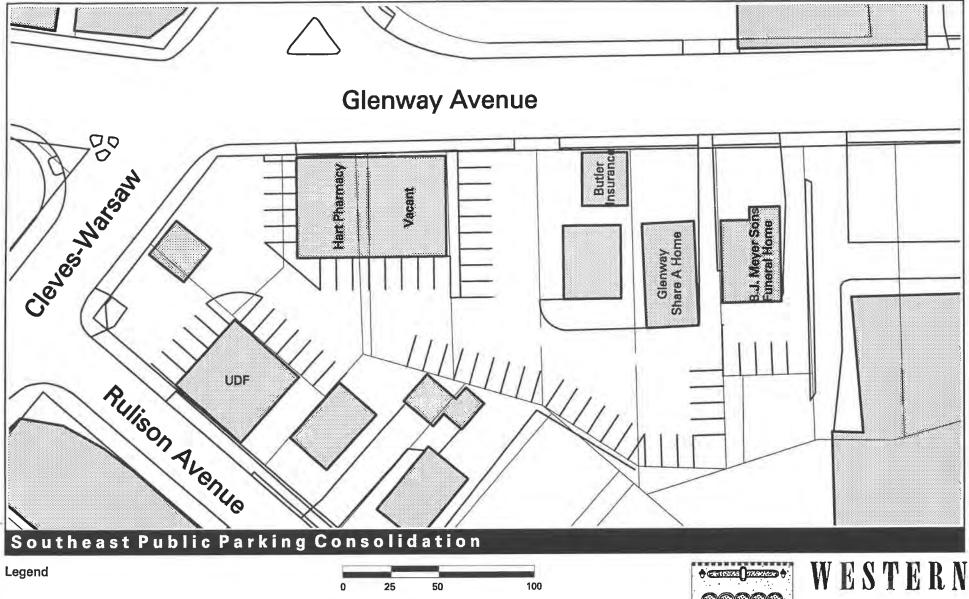
HILLS



SOUTHEAST PUBLIC PARKING CONSOLIDATION

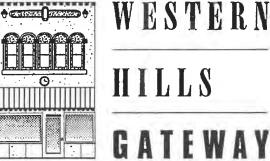








1"= 50'-0"



The purpose of the urban design polices are to assist the development of land and structure to be compatible with the environment, and to protect the quality of the urban environment, in those locations where the characteristics of the environment are of significant public value and are vulnerable to damage by development permitted under conventional zoning and building regulations.

The establishment of urban design policy guidelines protects ad enhances the environment features of the business district. The development guidelines describes in words, characteristics which are to be protected and development features which will be reviewed for impact of a proposed development on the environment.

SIGN POLICIES

- 1. Signs should be simple, legible and esigned to be harmonious with the business district marketing strategy and identity.
- 2. All traffic/vehiclar signage should be coordinated and organized through the streetscape hardware system.
- 3. Wall signs should be limited to one square foot of area for each linear foot of building street frontage. Wall signs shall not exceed 100 square feet in area regardless of street frontage.
- 4. Ground signs are preferred for commercial and retail business buildings which sit back from the street a distance of 15 feet or more. The maximum height should be seven feet.
 - a. A ground sign is recommended to be allowed at least $1\frac{1}{2}$ square feet in area for each linear foot of property frontage and shall be

limited to one sign per street frontage.

- Maximum allowable signage of property frontage may not exceed 150 square feet in total for each face.
- Roof mounted and projecting signs are not permitted unless other methods are not practical. Roof signs deemed appropriate shall appear to be an architectural extension of the building and no support structures should be visible to the public view.
- 6. Flashing signs should be used for theaters only. Time and temperature displays are exempt and are permitted, but are considered part of the total signage area and will be taken into account with respect to square footage allowance.
- 7. Directional or on-premise incidental signs or entry/exit signs are permitted in addition to other signs. These signs should be six square feet or less per sign face.
- 8. Design and signs in character with the type of business to be identified.
- 9. Implement trademark or symbolic copy on signs is encouraged.
- 10. Design signs to be harmonious with the architecture of the buildings on which they are located.
- 11. Signs should be adequately spaced from other signs for good visibility and consistent in size with other signs of similar businesses.
- 12. Obsolete or abandoned signs and/or mounting devices should be removed.

STOREFRONTS AND FACADES POLICIES

- 13. Up-lighting on buildings should be encouraged.
- 14. Building appurtenances and projections should be in scale with the total composition of the building itself.
- 15. Storefronts should be visually open to the street and, where practical, entrances recessed to increase the effective sidewalk space and provide sheltered pedestrian access.
- 16. Awnings should be harmonious with the architectural features of the buildings on which they are located and should not conceal architectural features of the building and should not be pipe stand awnings. Traditional awnings are required unless not practical.
- 17. Awnings should not project into more than two/thirds of the sidewalk.
- 18. Awnings should run parallel to the face of the buildings and provide a continuous covering along the sidewalk or to small entry awning over the door, etc.

SITE AMENITIES POLICIES

- 19. Benches should be placed in open public gathering areas and shaped to discourage loitering.
- 20. Bulletin board kiosks should be placed in gathering areas to aid in the control of posted billboards.
- 21. Dumpsters should be enclosed to promote a clean, ordered

- environment and placed behind buildings when possible.
- 22. News racks should be organized and installed according to the City of Cincinnati news rack policy.
- 23. Site amenities should be low maintenance and discourage graffiti.
- 24. Site amenities should not be placed to promote hiding areas, but rather in the open to promote security.

LANDSCAPING AND PAVING POLICIES

- 25. Special paving should define the area where pedestrians movement occurs.
- 26. The size and shapes of paving should relate to the pedestrian scale environment of the district.
- Special paving treatment should be used to define the focus areas of the district, major pedestrian crossing, gateway points and where pedestrian movement occurs.
- 28. Private businesses should be encouraged to use special paving to continue the pedestrian movements.
- 29. Flower pots and shrubs should be used to identify building entrances.

LIGHTING POLICIES

30. Lighting in parking areas should be designed to enhance security.

- 31. Lighting for parking areas should be sensitive to nearby residences in color, intensity, scale, and direction.
- 32. Private lighting should be used for parking lots, walkways, and highlighting the buildings and show windows themselves. All lighting should be of an intimate pedestrian scale with the exception of parking lot luminairies.

PARKING POLICIES

- 33. Existing lots should be shared and made more efficient through improved access, circulation, and layout. Establish common employee lots for businesses within the district in order to encourage the use of primary spaces for customers and more remote spaces for employees.
- 34. Parking signs that clearly direct shoppers to off-street parking opportunities should be provided.
- 35. All parking areas should be landscaped or screened with devices such as trees, a fence or mounds, to serve as a buffer and to break up large areas of parking. Large areas should have pattern, color, and texture to relate to the pedestrian scale environment desired.
- Existing small underutilized lots should be combined to create larger and more efficient parking areas.
- 37. All intersections, crosswalks, and entrances to commercial space should be accessible to the handicapped when possible.
- 38. Lots should be blacktopped and marked for easy circulation and should maximize the number of parking opportunities.

39. Reduce the number of curb curts and driveways along the Glenway Avenue right-of-way by consolidating parking areas.

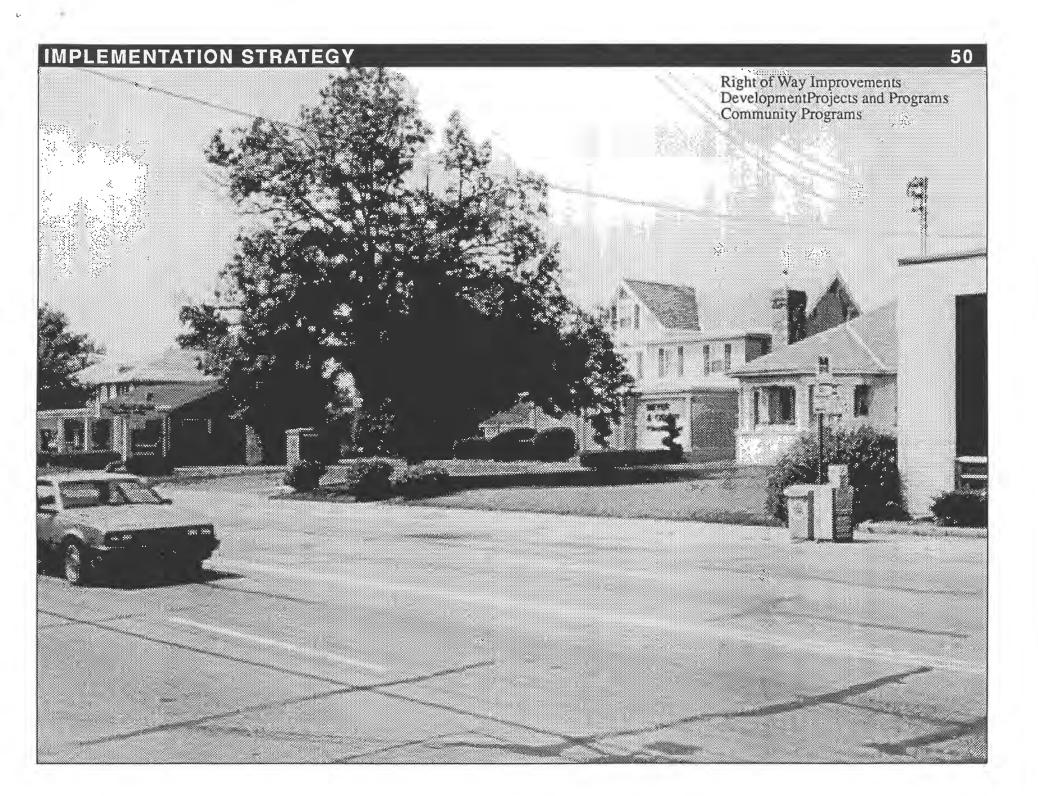
DEVELOPMENT POLICIES

- 40. Businesses should be designed to reinforce the existing patterns for all storefronts facing Glenway Avenue, be visually open to provide interest and light to the street.
- 41. Any new development should be village size, pedestrian oriented and contribute to the livelihood of the business district.
- 42. Maintain street orientation of shops, but emphasize rear entrances where appropriate and where supported by other plan elements.
- 43. Preserve the linear continuity of bulding on Glenway Avenue by placing building facades parallel to Glenway Avenue, except for the variations needed to create pedestrian open spaces.
- 44. Renovation and restoration of older buildings should respect the original building design including structure, use of materials, and details unless a demonstrated need is presented.
- 45. Mechanical equipment, including air conditioning, piping, ducts, and conduits, external to the building should be concealed from view from adjacent buildings or street level by grills, screens, or other enclosures.
- 46. Simplify and remove all unnecessary utility poles, wires, and associated clutter to allow as much sidewalk space and signage visibility as possible.

DEMOLITION

- 47. Demolition will be approved only if one of the following applies:
 - Ordered by the Director of Buildings and Inspections for the public safety because of an unsafe or dangerous condition which constitutes an emergency.
 - Structure does not contribute to the architectural character of the district.
 - Necessary to construction a building which would meet the guidelines of the Urban Renewal Design Plan.
 - The owner has endeavored in good faith to fid a use fo the structure and isunable to obtain a reasonable rate of return on the property or a refusal of a permit would amount to a taking of the property without a just compensation.
 - Demolition will be allowed for a portion of the building when repairs and rehabilitation is not justified based on cost and not visual from the street.

describes in words, characteristics which are to be protected and development features which will be reviewed for impact of a proposed development on the environment.



Implementation Strategy

- The implementation plan is divided into three functional areas, right-of-way improvements, development projects, and community programs. The proposed right-of-way improvements focus on improving the functionality and business district identity of Glenway Avenue through the business district. The development projects focus on promoting reuse, revitalization, and redevelopment of the business district. The community programs would focus on strengthening the existing business association and residential community involvement in the business district revitalization. The community will be responsible for requesting funds through the standard Community/City budget process to carry out strategies eligible for City funding. Certain improvement and development projects require participation from private property owners. No City funds are currently committed for the right-of-way improvements or the development improvements noted in the Implementation Strategy portion of the plan. Funding must be secured for all right-of-way improvements and development projects.
- This process allows Citizens to have input on ranking strategies to improve the quality of their neighborhood. The following charts provide a summary of the strategies in order of importance to the community, and possible funding sources for both the development projects and community programs. The neighborhood can work with City staff through the Cincinnati Neighborhood Action Strategy CNAS) process to reevaluate and determine priority projects for future funding. CNAS is a process involving citizens and City staff working as partners to identify and address strengths, opportunities, and challenges within the City.

IMPLEMENTATION

Pro	oject/Program	Scope	Potential Implementation Entity/Source	Preliminary Estimates of Probable Costs
1.	Glenway/Ralph Intersection Improvements	Install traffic control signal at the intersection of Ralph and Glenway Avenues to assist pedestrian and vehicular access.	Public Works/Traffic Engineering	Completed
2.	W. Price Hill Gateway Program	Provide gateway identity improvements at end of Glenway Avenue to demarcate business district.	Budget Request City/CIP, Private Co-sponsorship	\$30,000.00 per improvement
3.	Glenway Corridor Streetscape Improvements	Provide corridor improvements along Glenway including streetscape and pedestrian amenities.	Budget Request City/CNBDU process. Private Co-sponsorship.	\$346,000.00

NOTE!

Certain types of improvement projects require private property Owner participation through assessment or modification of Utility Services. Each project must secure funding, coordinate with appropriate agencies, identify maintenance responsibilities, and integrate with the surrounding community.

• All estimates are preliminary. Accurate field surveys, subsurface investigations, property owner participation, finalized scope, and design are required for final formulation of the construction budget.

IMPLEMENTATION

Prog	ram/Project	Scope	Potential Implementation Entity/Source	Preliminary Estimates of Probable Cost
1.	North Overlook/Guerley Parking Consolidation	Consolidation and linkage of existing parking areas with increased access, safety improvements, and more efficiency.	W. Price Hill Business Association, Property Owners, Budget Request City/CIP	Phase I – Retaining Wall \$60,000.00 (current budget allocation) Phase 2 - \$200,000.00 + resurfacing, restripe, and stormwater items Phase 3 - \$200,000.00 + resurfacing and stormwater items
2.	Southeast Area Parking Consolidation	Consolidation and expansion.	W. Price Hill Business Association, Property Owners, Budget Request City/CIP	\$104,700.00
3.	Library/Village Green Public Improvements	Renovation and Relocation of Covedale Branch Public Library including public space improvements.	Cincinnati and Hamilton County Public Library, W. Price Hill Business Association, Budget Request City/CIP	Partially completed. Costs to be reevaluated under Phase 3 of the North Overlook/Guerley Parking Consolidation.
4.	Future Anchor Development	Development of Major Anchor business/office area in center of district.	Property Owners, W. Price Hill Business Association	Private Development

NOTE! Certain types of improvement projects require private property Owner participation through assessment or modification of Utility Services. Each project must secure funding, coordinate with appropriate agencies, identify maintenance responsibilities, and integrate with the surrounding community.

• All estimates are preliminary. Accurate field surveys, subsurface investigations, property owner participation, finalized scope, and design are required for final formulation of the construction budget.

Project/Program		Scope	Potential Implementation Source/Entity	Preliminary Estimates of Probable Costs			
1.	Strengthen Existing Business Association	Identify ways to strengthen the business district position within the business association.	Business Association	N/A - Community Activities			
2.	Recruit New Businesses	Lobby, market, and advocate for new businesses to locate within business district into existing vacancies.	Enterprise Recruitment Subcommittee	N/A - Community Activities			
3.	Retain and Strengthen Existing Business	Interact with existing businesses to monitor current issues and identify solutions to today's business concerns.	Business Retention Subcommittee	N/A - Community Activities			
4.	Institute a Customer Outreach Program	Develop business district initiatives such as extended business hours and special events to meet market demands.	Neighborhood Involvement Subcommittee	N/A - Community Activities			

NOTE! Certain types of improvement projects require private property Owner participation through assessment or modification of Utility Services. Each project must secure funding, coordinate with appropriate agencies, identify maintenance responsibilities, and integrate with the surrounding community.

• All estimates are preliminary. Accurate field surveys, subsurface investigations, property owner participation, finalized scope, and design are required for final formulation of the construction budget.

BLIGHT STUDY

DISTRIBUTION OF BLIGHTING INFLUENCES AND BLIGHTED UNITS BY BLOCK

Block	Total	Blig	hting I	nfluenc	es - Se	e below	,			*						Blighted	%
	Units	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	Units	
1																	
2																	
3																	
4														=			
5											н						
6																	
7																	
8								•									
9																	
10								۳									
11																	
Total																	
Percent	ages %																

Blighting Influences

⁽¹⁾ Age (2) Obsolescence (3) Dilapidation (4) Deterioration (5) Abandonment/Excessive Vacancies (6) Periodic Flooding

⁽⁷⁾ Faculty Lot Layout/Overcowding/Inadequate Loading/Parking (8) Deleterious/Incompatible Land Use/Site Conditions

⁽⁹⁾ Inadequate Public Facilities/ROW (10) Diversity of Ownership (11) Illegal Use/Code Violation (12) Unsuitable Soil Conditions

⁽¹³⁾ Unused Railyards or Service Stations - Landfill/Junkyard (14) Other Factors Inhibiting Sound Private Development

BLIGHT STUDY

Legend

Urban Renewal Boundary

1

Block Area



Parcel Number

5

Building Number

Structural Condition



Sound





Minor



Major



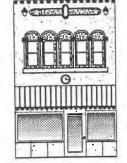
Critical



*Structure or Parcel **Contributing to Blight**



1"= 300'-0"



WESTERN

HILLS



CREDITS

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*Jeff Dias

*Bob Duebber

*Gil Faigle

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*Peggy Maue

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*Harry Schmidt

*Mark Volpenheim

*Beth Wagner

Doug Altemuehle

*Karen Ball

John Butler

Lois Cockerham

Kim Cole

Jim Depenbrock

Dave Deway

Clare Diedrichs

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